

COVID-19 Risk Assessment for re-opening Village and Community Halls – July 2020

Old Alresford Village: Christy Hall

The COVID-19 Risk Assessment should be carried out in consultation with any employees (HSE guidance). It is advised that any self-employed or volunteer cleaners or caretakers are also consulted, and that your draft is provided to key voluntary organisations which regularly use the hall so that any points they raise can be taken on board before it is issued to them as a document to be observed as part of the Special Conditions of Hire.

A key part of the risk assessment will be identifying "pinch points" where people cannot maintain social distancing of 2 metres. Transient passing at a closer distance is less of a risk than remaining in a more confined space so, for example, a narrow corridor is less of a risk than a galley style kitchenette or a toilet area with limited circulation space between cubicles, basins and door, where people remain for longer. For areas which present a problem people may need to be asked to arrange a waiting system or adjust signage e.g. engaged/vacant.

Important Notes:

- 1. The COVID-19 Risk Assessment may need to be updated in the light of any new government advice that may be forthcoming.
- 2. This document should be read in conjunction with relevant legislation and guidance issued by government and local authorities. (Links to some key documents are provided in the reference section)
- 3. This document is not intended to be comprehensive and ACRE cannot be held responsible for any errors or omissions, factual or otherwise, arising from reliance on it. It is not a substitute for independent professional and/or legal advice.

The potential mitigations are in three categories colour coded as follows:

Red – Actions based on Government advice (i.e. should be considered mandatory)

Orange – Actions that are strongly recommended

Green – Actions that you might like to consider



Area or People at Risk	Risk identified	Actions agreed to mitigate risk	Further Notes Christy Hall
Staff, contractors and volunteers — Identify what work activity or situations might cause transmission of the virus and likelihood staff could be exposed	Cleaning surfaces infected by people carrying the virus. Disposing of rubbish containing tissues and cleaning cloths. Deep cleaning premises if someone falls ill with CV-19 on the premises. Occasional Maintenance workers.	Stay at home guidance if unwell at entrance and in Main Hall. Staff/volunteers provided with protective overalls and plastic or rubber gloves. Contractors provide their own. Staff/volunteers advised to wash outer clothes after cleaning duties. Staff given PHE guidance and PPE for use in the event deep cleaning is required.	Staff may need guidance as to cleaning. For example, cloths should be used on light switches and electrical appliances rather than spray disinfectants, rubberised and glued surfaces can become damaged by use of spray disinfectant too frequently.
Staff, contractors and volunteers— think about who could be at risk and likelihood staff could be exposed.	Staff who are either extremely vulnerable or over 70. Staff carrying out cleaning, caretaking or some internal maintenance tasks could be exposed if a person carrying the virus has entered the premises or falls ill. Mental stress from handling the new situation.	Staff in the vulnerable category are advised not to attend work for the time being. Discuss the situation with staff to identify whether provision of protective clothing and cleaning surfaces before they work is sufficient to mitigate their risks. Staff can call on any committee member to discuss any issues arising.	Staff will need to be warned immediately if someone is tested positive for COVID-19 who has been on the premises. Details of a person's medical condition must be kept confidential, unless the employee agrees it can be shared. It is important people know they can raise concerns.



Car Park/paths/exterior areas	Social distancing is not observed as people congregate before entering premises. Parking area is too congested	Mark out the 2metre waiting area outside all potential entrances with tape to encourage care when queueing to enter.	Transitory lapses in social distancing in outside areas are less risky, the main risk is likely to be where people congregate or for vulnerable people.
	to allow social distancing.	Cleaner asked to check area outside doors for rubbish	or for vulnerable people.
	People drop tissues.	which might be contaminated, e.g. tissues. Wear plastic gloves and remove.	Ordinary litter collection arrangements can remain in place. Provide plastic gloves.
Entrance hall/lobby/corridors	Possible "pinch points" and busy areas where risk is social distancing is not observed in a confined area.	Identify "pinch points" and busy areas. Consider marking out 2 metre spacing in entrance area.	Hand sanitiser needs to be checked daily. Hall foyer not large enough for 2m signage.
	Door handles, light switches in frequent use.	Door handles and light switches to be cleaned regularly. Hand sanitiser to be provided by hall	Provide more bins, in entrance hall, each meeting room. Empty regularly.



Main Hall	Door handles, light switches, window catches, tables, chair backs and arms. Soft furnishings which cannot be readily cleaned between use.	Door handles, light switches, window catches, tables, chairs and other equipment used to be cleaned by hirers before use or by hall cleaning staff.	Cushioned chairs with arms are important for older, infirm people. Avoid anyone else touching them unless wearing plastic gloves.
	Window curtains or blinds Commemorative photos, displays. Social distancing to be observed	Cushioned chairs with arms are reserved only for those who need them by reason of infirmity and who have been socially isolating themselves. Social distancing guidance to be observed by hirers in arranging their activities. Hirers to be encouraged to wash hands regularly. Special conditions of hire regularly amended to comply with changing government advice.	Fabric chairs are to be removed to Kitchen/Store, not for general use. Consider removing window curtains and any other items which are more difficult to clean and likely to be touched by the public. Provide hand sanitiser and hand soap.
Small meeting rooms and offices	Social distancing more difficult in smaller areas Door and window handles Light switches	Recommend hirers hire larger meeting spaces and avoid use of small rooms, other than as offices.	Consider closing, only hiring when main hall is not in use or as possible overflow for activities when more attend than expected.



	Tables, chair backs and arms. Floors with carpet tiles less easily cleaned.	Surfaces and equipment to be cleaned by hirers before use.	
Kitchen	Social distancing more difficult Door and window handles Light switches Working surfaces, sinks Cupboard/drawer handles. Fridge/freezer Crockery/cutlery Kettle/hot water boiler Cooker/Microwave	Kitchen will not be sanitised regularly, so will be out of bounds to hirers, unless someone falls ill whilst in the hall. Hand sanitiser, soap and paper towel to be provided Asking hirers to bring their own Food and Drink.	Cleaning materials to be made available in hallway. Kitchen will not be cleaned or sanitised more regularly except in cases of illness.
Store cupboards (cleaner etc)	Social distancing not possible Door handles, light switch	Public access unlikely to be required. Cleaner to decide frequency of cleaning.	
Storage Rooms (furniture/equipment)	Social distancing more difficult Door handles in use. Equipment needing to be moved not normally in use	Hirer to clean equipment required before use. Hirer to control accessing and stowing equipment to encourage social distancing.	Consider whether rearrangement will facilitate social distancing.
Toilets	Social distancing difficult. Surfaces in frequent use = door handles, light switches, basins, toilet handles, seats etc. Baby changing and vanity surfaces, mirrors.	Hirer to control numbers accessing toilets at one time. Hirer to clean all surfaces etc before public arrive Consider engaged/vacant signage and posters to encourage 20 second hand washing.	Ensure soap, paper towels, tissues and toilet paper are regularly replenished, and hirer knows where to access for restocking19.7.20 if needed.



Page 6 of 5
S. Cornford 19.7.20v2